AUG 0 2 2005

PEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION SECRETARIAT

BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

| | In the Matter of |) MURs 5334, 5341 and 5386 AUG - 3 A 9: 03 | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| | Friends of Marilyn F. O'Grady |) | |
| | and Thomas Keller, in his official capacity |) | |
| | as treasurer | (FNOITH) | |
| | John F. O'Grady | SENSITIVE | |
| 1 | Marilyn F. O'Grady Unknown Respondents |) | |
|) | Unknown Respondents | • | |
|) ! | GENERAL COUNSE | L'S REPORT #21 | |
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| 5 | I. <u>ACTIONS RECOMMENDED</u> | | |
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| and All | | | |
| .2 83 | | take no further action as to Unknown | |
| (2) 24 | | | |
| ιξ ₀ | Respondents; and find no reason to believe Marilyn F. O'Grady violated the Federal Election | | |
| 20 | Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act") or the Commission's regulations, and close the | | |
| 21 | file as to her. | | |
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| 22 | II. <u>BACKGROUND</u> | • | |
| 23 | On August 27, 2004, the Commission found | reason to believe that Friends of Marilyn F. | |
| 24 | O'Grady and Thomas Keller, in his official capacity as treasurer (the "Committee"), violated | | |
| 25 | 2 U.S.C. §§ 433(a), 434(a)(2)(A)(i) and (iii), 434(a) |)(6)(A), 434(a)(11), 434(b), 441a(f), 441b, | |
| 26 | and 441d(a)(1), and 11 C.F.R. §§ 103.4(b)(4), 104. | 3(d), 104.11(a), 104.18(a)(1) and (2), largely | |
| 27 | in connection with numerous reporting violations a | nd foilures to file reports timely. It also found | |
| ~ I | m connection with numerous reporting violations a | na randres to the reports unitery. It also found | |

All of the facts recounted in this matter occurred prior to the effective date of the Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act of 2002 ("BCRA"), Pub. L. 107-155, 116 Stat. 81 (2002). Accordingly, unless specifically noted to the contrary, all citations to the Act are prior to the effective date of BCRA and all citations to the Commission's regulations are to the 2002 edition of Title 11, Code of Federal Regulations, published prior to the Commission's promulgation of any regulations under BCRA.

found reason to believe that Unknown Respondents violated 2 U.S.C. §§ 434(c), 441a(a)(1) and

connection with the leaflet. The Commission made no findings as to Marilyn O'Grady, pending

uncover any connection between the Unknown Respondents and the Committee. Therefore, as

action and close the file with respect to the Unknown Respondents and find no reason to believe

discussed in more detail below, this Office recommends that the Commission take no further

that Marilyn O'Grady violated the Act and close the file as to her.

Our investigation did not determine the identity of the Unknown Respondents, nor did it

(3), 441b(a) and 441d and that the Committee violated 2 U.S.C. §§ 441a(f) and 441b(a) in

The Commission

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reason to believe that John O'Grady, the candidate's husband, violated 2 U.S.C. § 441a(a)(1)(A) 1

by making excessive contributions to the campaign.² 2

the outcome of an investigation of the leaflet.

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A copy of a joint response to the reason-to-believe notification from Marilyn O'Grady and Thomas Keller is included as Attachment 1. A copy of John O'Grady's response is included as Attachment 2.

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III. <u>DISCUSSION</u>

A. Investigation of Anonymous Leaflet

At the reason-to-believe stage, there were two specific factors indicating that the Committee may have coordinated with, or had knowledge of, the person or persons(s) who produced an anonymous leaflet expressly advocating the election of Marilyn O'Grady. First, although the Committee had denied in its response that it had authorized, paid for, or coordinated the production of the leaflet, it had not explicitly denied knowing who may have been involved. First General Counsel's Report at 30. During the investigation, however, representatives of the Committee explicitly denied having such knowledge. Second, the leaflet used certain photographs that were apparently from the same photographic event or series as photographs found on the Committee's website, but were cropped differently and were apparently unavailable in the public domain. *Id.* at 28-29. Subsequently, our investigation showed that the Committee received photographs from many sources and did not have exclusive custody or control of the photographs.

In response to the Commission's reason-to-believe findings, both the candidate and the Committee's treasurer, Thomas Keller, submitted comprehensive sworn affidavits. The affidavits each aver that the affiant never "authorized, suggested, reviewed, approved or had any knowledge whatsoever in the planning, funding, publication or distribution" of the leaflet, had any "personal knowledge of the identity of any individual, group of individuals or organization that planned, funded, published or distributed" the leaflet, "never authorized, suggested, directed, or condoned any participation or involvement" by the campaign with the leaflet. The affiants each further declare that, to their knowledge, neither they nor any member or agent of the

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campaign "had any involvement whatsoever in the planning, funding, publication, or 1 2 distribution" of the leaflet. Attachment 1 at 5, 6.

With respect to the photographs, our investigation determined that although two individuals were primarily responsible for the photographs posted on the Committee's website, the Committee had no "official photographer," and a number of individuals took, and passed on to the campaign, photographs of campaign events. Specifically, we interviewed Joseph Puk, an individual who took some of the photographs used on the Committee's website, who stated that he gave his photographs to campaign staff but no one else and Joseph McGrath, who set up the Committee's website and posted some photographs that he received from campaign staff, which he stated he did not share with anyone else.

It appears, however, that many other individuals took photographs used by the campaign. An O'Grady volunteer named Brother Joseph McGrory stated that he received a number of photographs from various O'Grady supporters not necessarily connected with the campaign who would take photographs at campaign events. Although Brother McGrory said that he did not share campaign photographs with anyone else and destroyed them after the campaign, he said that they were kept in the campaign office to which a number of individuals had access. Thus, among the possibilities are that some of the individuals who took photographs at campaign events shared their photographs with both the Committee and the Unknown Respondents, or that photographs maintained in the campaign office were accessed by individuals whom it would be difficult, if not impossible, to trace.³

Because complainant Friends of Carolyn McCarthy had alleged that the Committee had distributed the leaflet, we also sought to obtain additional information from that source. We

We also emailed the leaflet to Puk, McGrath and McGrory, none of whom recognized it.

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spoke to Margaret May, who had been the treasurer for complainant, and to Mary Ellen

Mendelsohn, who had filed the complaint on behalf of complainant. At one point, May had stated that, according to Mendelsohn, a McCarthy campaign volunteer had called the O'Grady campaign in 2002 about the leaflet, and spoken to an individual who claimed that the leaflet was O'Grady literature. However, neither May nor Mendelsohn remembered any additional details, such as the name of the McCarthy volunteer who purportedly called the O'Grady campaign, or even whether the individual was male or female, and who they purportedly spoke to at the O'Grady campaign. We asked Brother McGrory if he could shed light on which individual at the O'Grady campaign might have been the person who made the purported assertion. He responded that many of the O'Grady volunteers were elderly individuals and he had no idea what they might say.

May and Mendelsohn also told the staff that the leaflet might have been mailed, despite the fact that the leaflet itself states that it was distributed by volunteers. Therefore, we also contacted a mailing house and an organization that FEC disclosure reports showed had received a disbursement for mailing labels from the Committee. However, neither was familiar with the leaflet or could shed light on the provenance of the photographs, or the identities of the Unknown Respondents. In addition, we spoke to four printers who had received disbursements from the Committee to see if they had the capacity to produce a leaflet similar to the leaflet at issue. All of them stated that they did not, nor-could they provide-leads as-to-who-might-have had such a capacity.

In the First General Counsel's Report, this Office told the Commission it would pursue certain leads, and after making an initial assessment of them, make a decision as to whether to pursue further discovery or recommend no further action as to the leaflet fact pattern. At this time, there is insufficient evidence to link the Committee with the anonymous leaflet, and this

| 1 | Office does not believe that attempting to pursue further the identity of Onknown Respondents |
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| 2 | would be a constructive use of Commission resources. In light of these factors, and the likely de |
| 3 | minimis impact the leaflet had on the ultimate outcome of the election, we recommend that the |
| 4 | Commission take no further action and close the file as to Unknown Respondents and find no |
| 5 | reason to believe that Marilyn F. O'Grady violated the Act or its underlying regulations, and |
| 6 | close the file as to her. |
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15 IV. RECOMMENDATIONS

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- Take no further action and close the file as to the Unknown Respondents.
 - Find no reason to believe that Marilyn F. O'Grady violated the Federal Election
 Campaign Act of 1971, as amended, and underlying regulations, and close the file as to
 her.

5. Approve the appropriate letters.

Lawrence H. Norton General Counsel

Lawrence L. Calvert Jr.

Deputy Associate General Counsel

for Enforcement

Susan L. Lebeaux

Assistant General Counsel

Ruth Heilizer

Attorney

Attachments:

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